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    ** rel 'icon' href="/favicon.ico" type="image/x-icon'>
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               * lank rel="stylesheet" href="/css/animate.css">
              clamk rel="stylesheet" href="css/theme.css">
                                                                                                                                             href ** class brand-logo hide-on-med-and-up ***
                                                                              «div class» nav-wrapper
                                                                                                   «div class» container">
```

#### Untangling Mobile and Web Applications

Ricky Chilcott Rakefire



#### Rakefire

- Build SaaS and Custom Software
- Ruby on Rails
- Javascript, HTML, CSS





### Topics

- Web App or Mobile App?
- Software Development Platforms
- Marketing, Usability and Application Adoption

#### Before you begin

- Start with Why
  - What problem are you trying to solve?
  - Is it a real problem or made up?
  - Validate the problem exists and needs a solution (Survey, Focus Group, etc.)



### Before you begin

- What are the goals?
- Tie goals to KPIs
- What constitutes success?
  - 10% of all patrons have
     downloaded app and spent at least
     10 minutes using it
  - Average session length is 25 minutes
  - 5% of new patrons have come from app usage
  - 20% reduction in phone calls and in-person questions



#### Mobile Platforms

- Web Applications
- Native Applications
- Hybrid Applications
- Progressive Web Applications

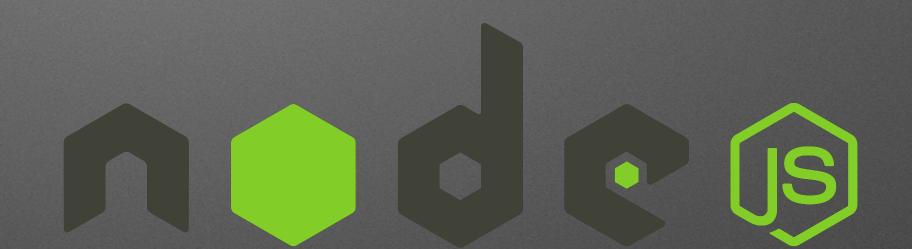
## Web Applications Overview

- Client-server application that runs in a web browser
- Backend typically generates HTML and delivers it to the client
- Server handles database interactions
- Client-side javascript is added

### Web Applications

Platforms

- AngularJS
- Ruby on Rails
- Django
- Meteor
- Node.js
- ASP.NET



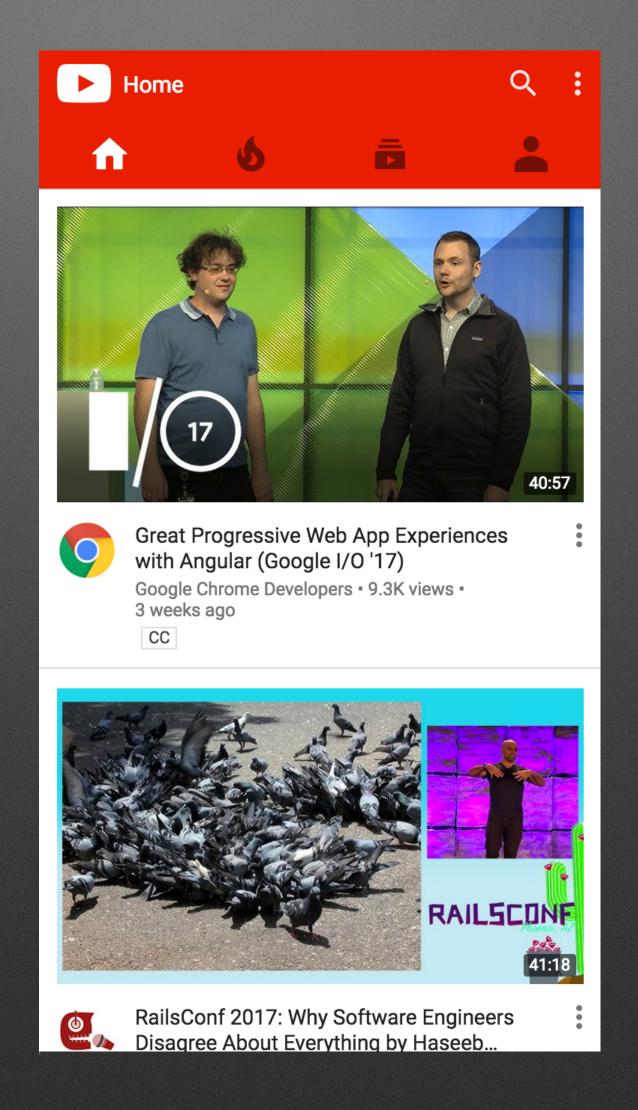


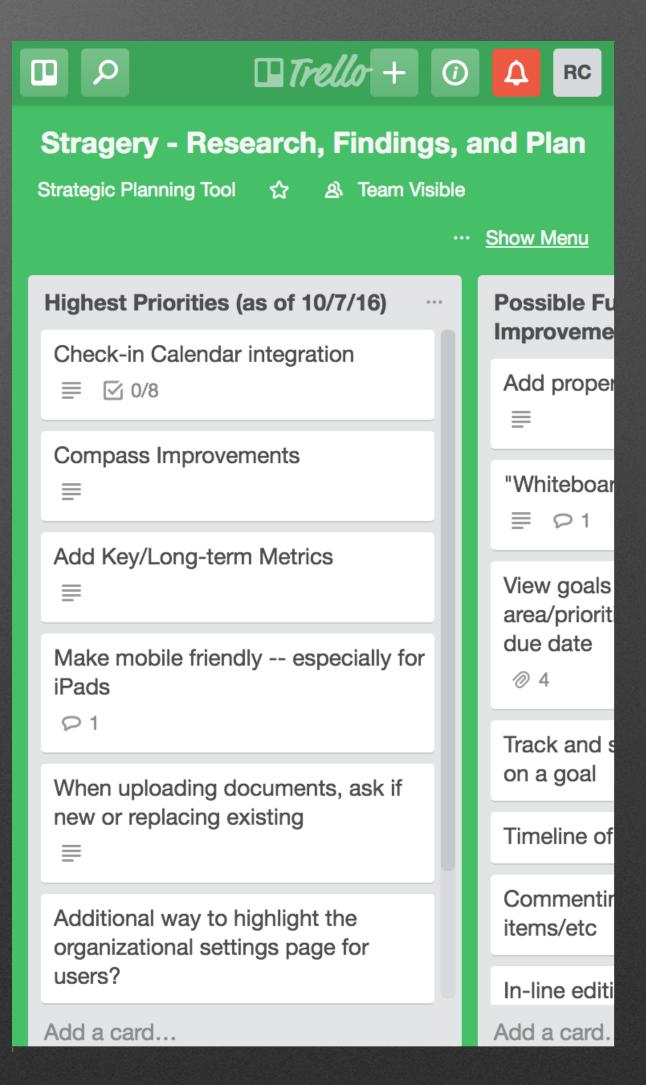


### Web Applications

#### Examples

- YouTube
   m.youtube.com
- Trello





#### Web Applications

**Pros and Cons** 

- Pros
  - Easiest to get to market
  - Generally, cross platform
- Cons
  - Not ideal for computationally, visually, or interactiverich projects
  - Uncanny valley

## Native Applications Overview

- Written in a native language like Swift or Java
- Application code is compiled and submitted to App Store
- Installed on users' phones
- May still need a server backend

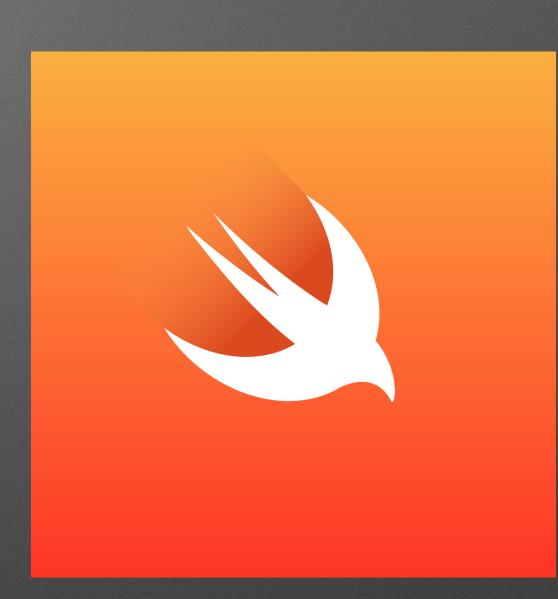
## Native Applications

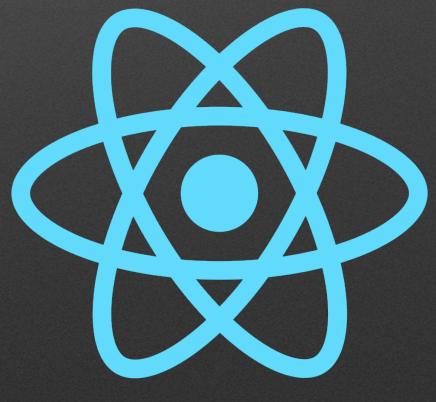
**Platforms** 

- iOS
  - Xcode + Swift/Objective C
- Android Native
  - Java, Kotlin
- Stange platforms
  - Appcelerator Titanium
  - Xamarin Studio
  - RubyMotion
  - React Native





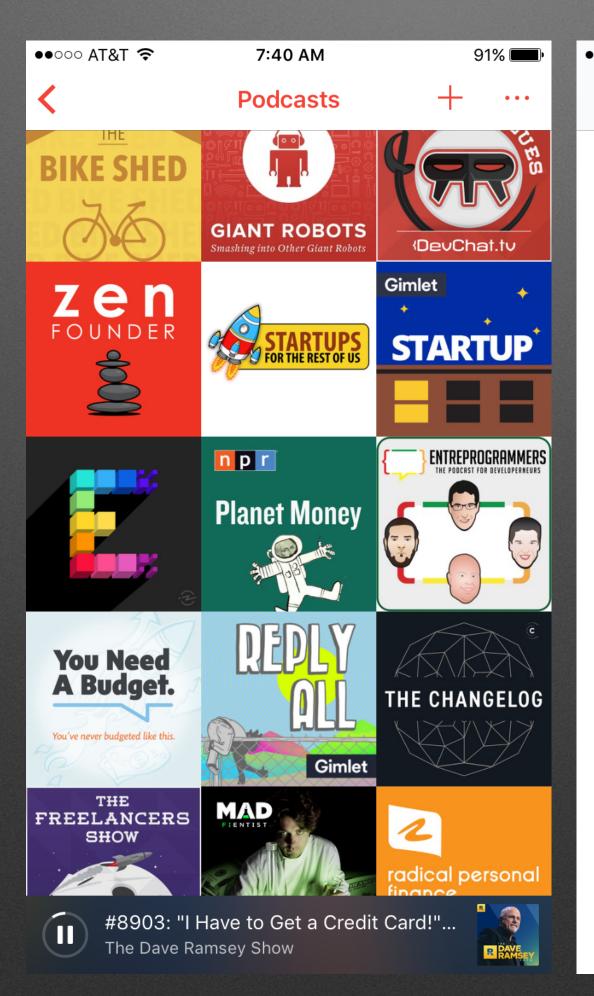


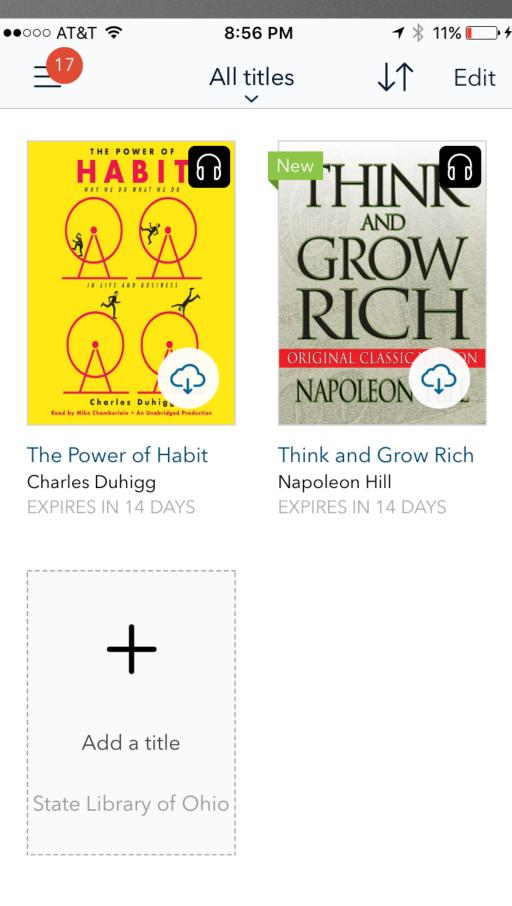


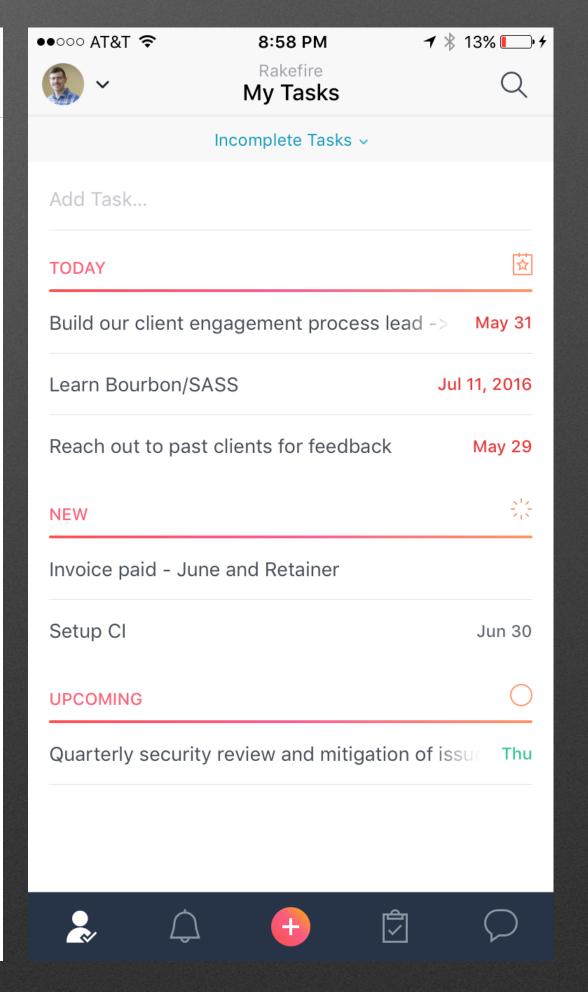
### Native Applications

#### Examples

- Casts
- Overdrive
- Asana







#### Native Applications

Pros and cons

- Pros
  - Utilize features provided by phone's operating system
  - Fast code execution
  - Monetization
- Cons
  - Costly to develop for multiple platforms

#### Hybrid Applications

Overview

- Mobile Web Application (i.e. HTML, CSS) that runs inside of a Native Web View
- App is submitted to App Store
- Some native components are accessible via Javascript
  - Push Notifications
  - GPS

## Hybrid Applications Platforms

- PhoneGap/Cordova
- Ionic
- Sencha Touch
- Intel XDK



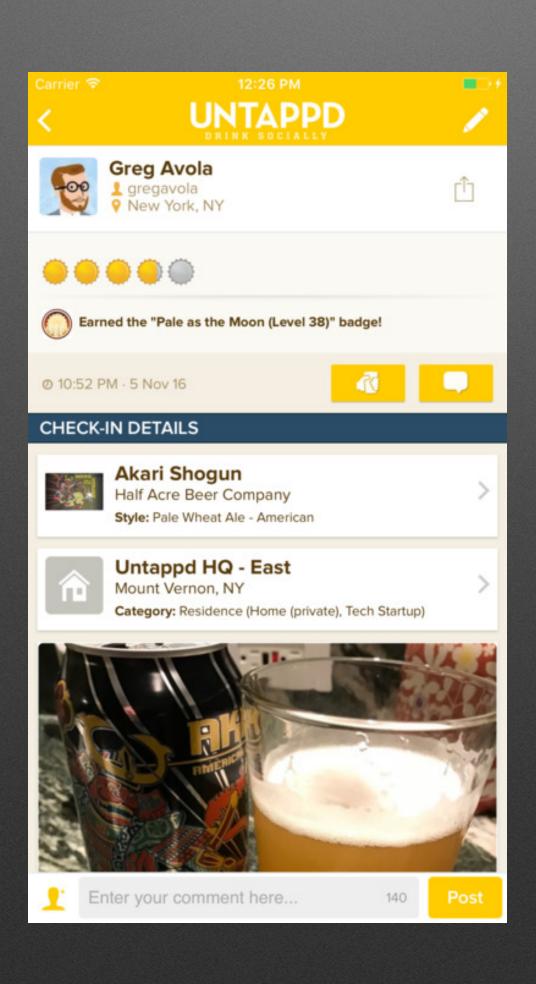


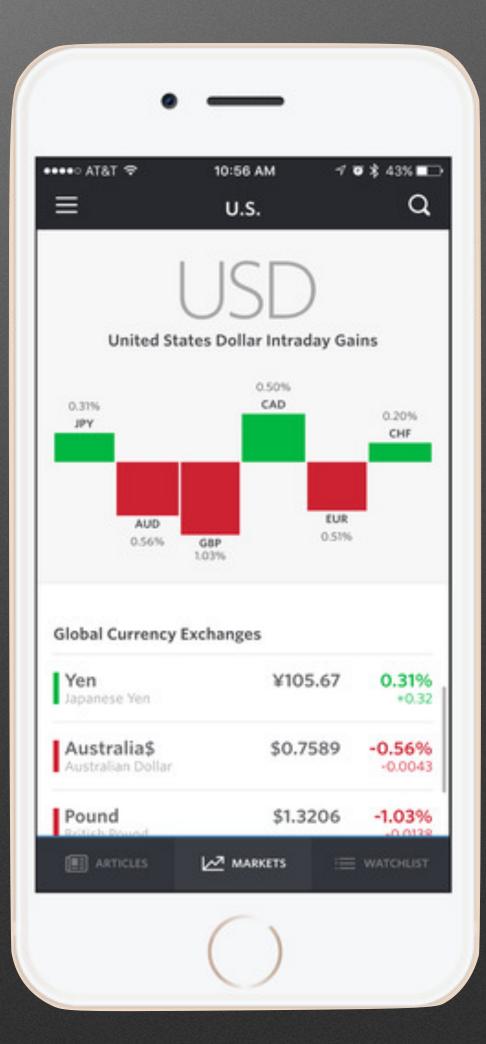


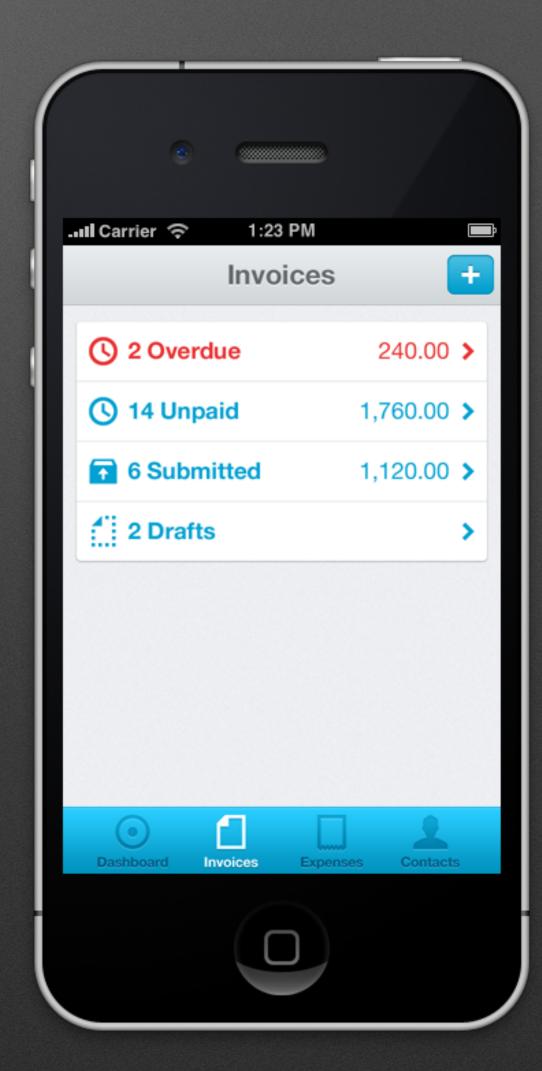
### Hybrid Applications

#### Platforms

- Untappd
- MarketWatch
- Xero







#### Hybrid Applications

#### **Pros and Cons**

- Pros
  - Installable from the App Store
  - Ease of development (because it's HTML, CSS, JS)
  - Access to some native functionality
  - Deploy to multiple platforms
- Cons
  - May have performance issues
  - Technical challenges may be hard to solve

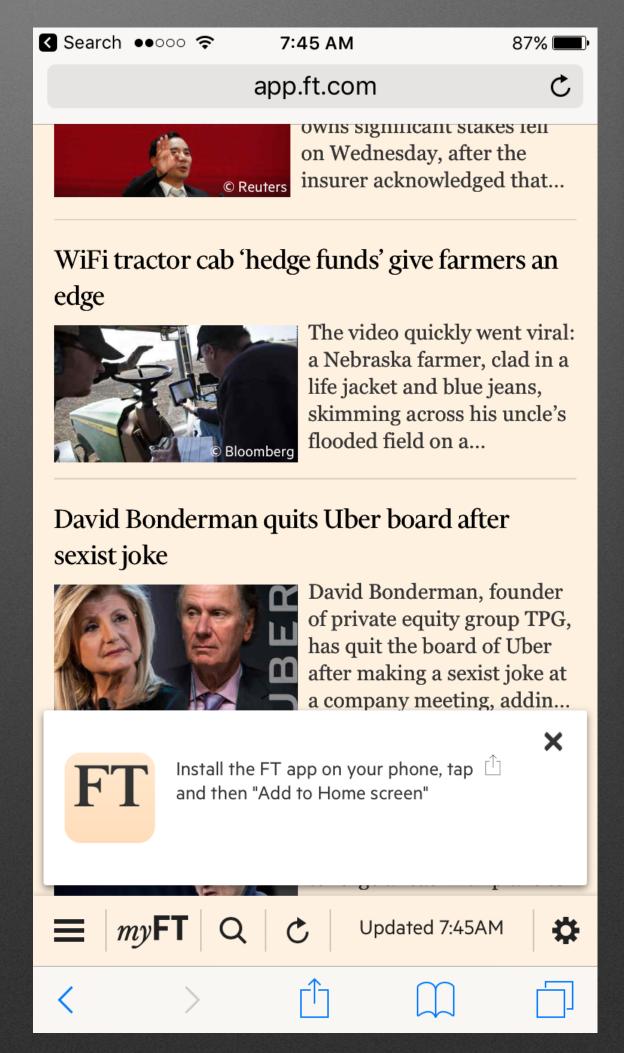
#### Overview

- Works on any device: desktop, mobile, tablet
- Connectivity-independent
- Feels like an app (feels native), even though it's not compiled
- Installable, but doesn't require the app store
- Easily share, discover, and re-engage with the app

#### Technologies

- Platforms: See Web

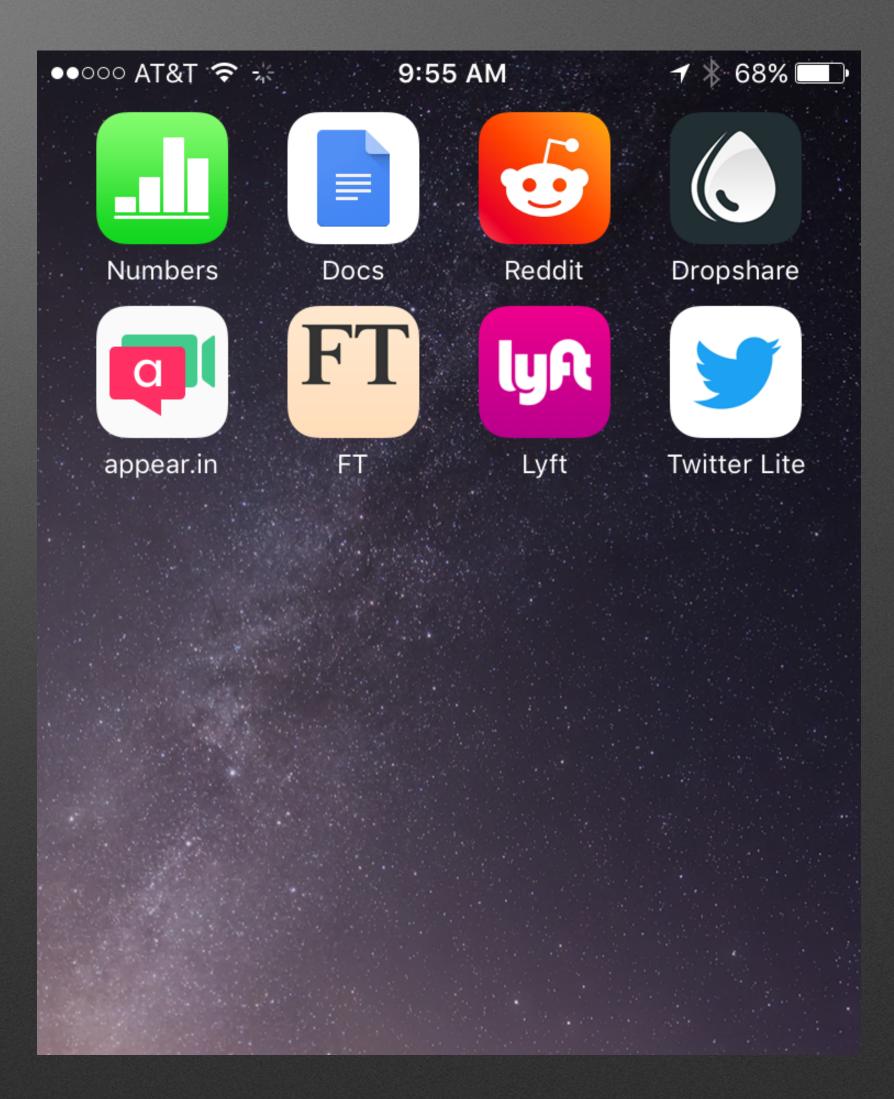
  Application Technologies
- Faster Javascript engines
- Web Push Notifications
- Service workers for:
  - Background updates
  - Improved performance
  - Web push
  - Offline support





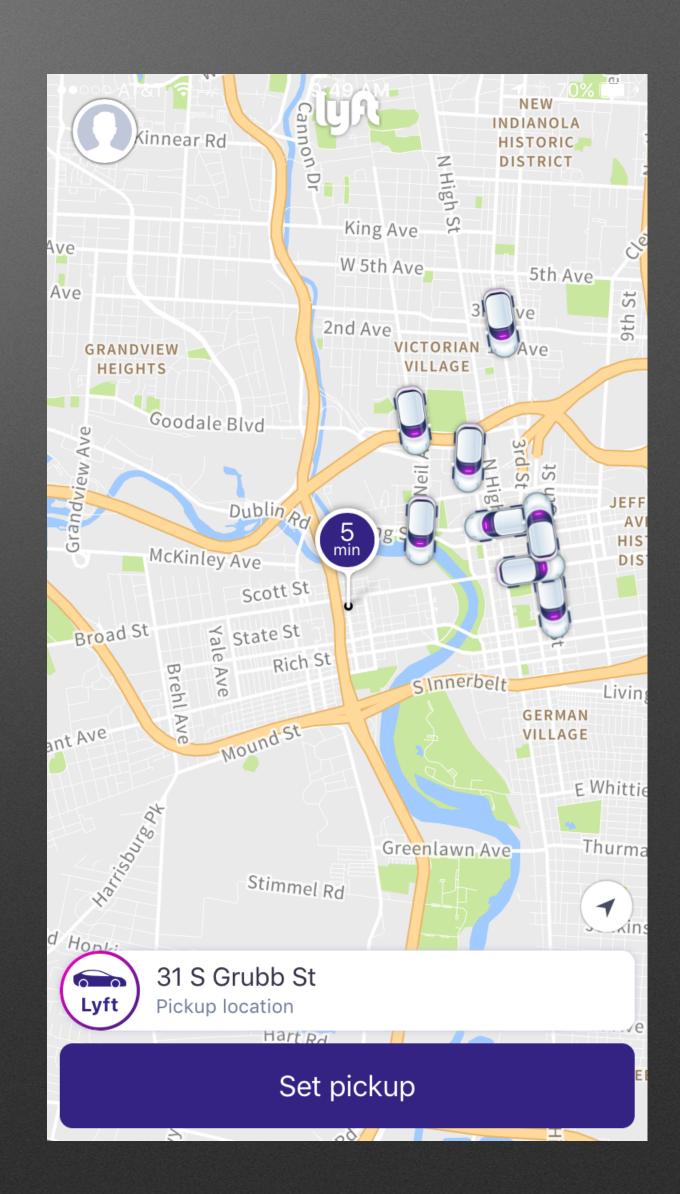
Examples

- https://mobile.twitter.com
- https://app.ft.com
- https://ride.lyft.com



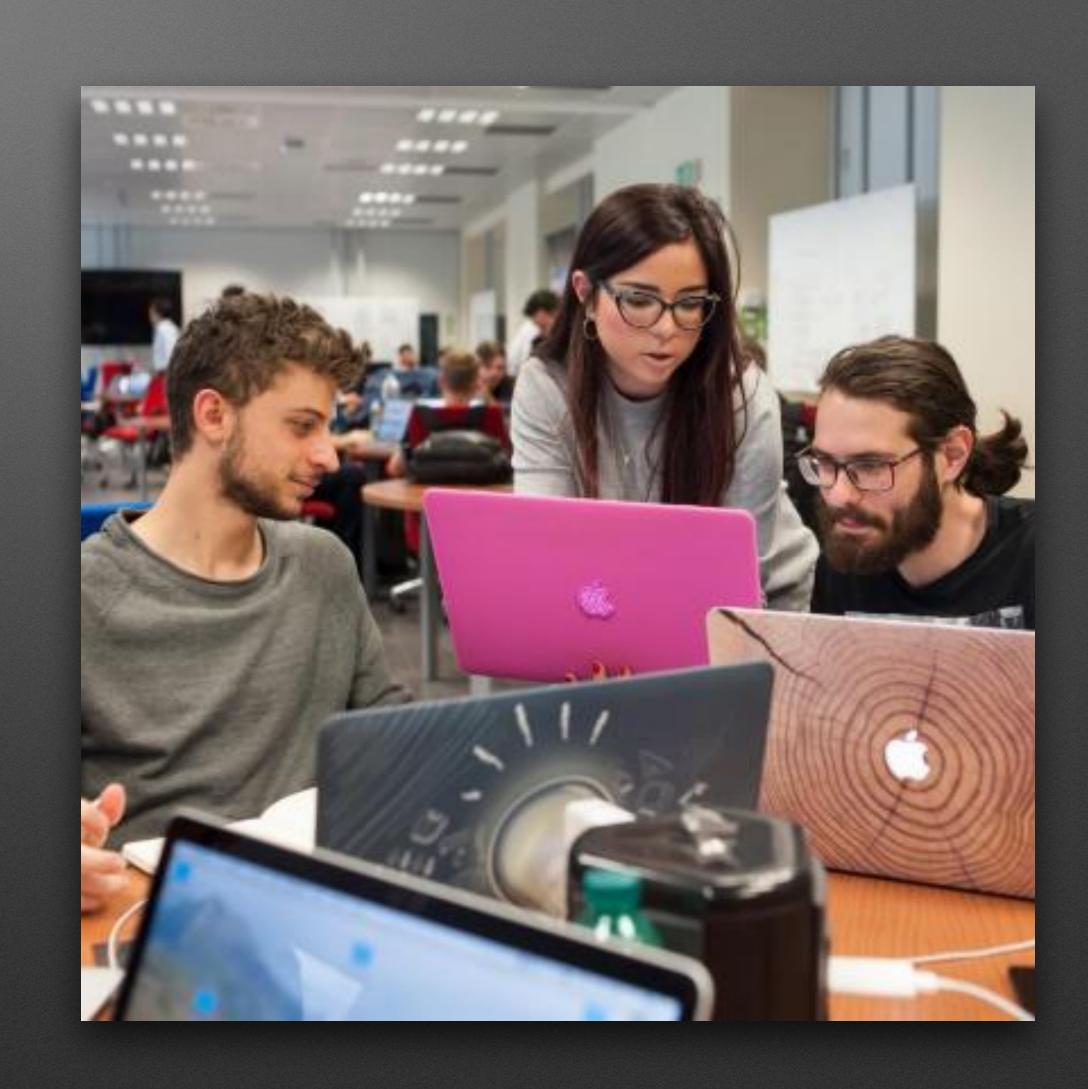
**Pros and Cons** 

- Pros (see web apps +)
  - Less pressure for users to install right away
  - Morphs from passive to active usage
- Cons (see web apps +)
  - Very early and consistent cross platform support is challenging



#### Who builds it?

- Yourself
- Students/Volunteers
  - Attractive option
  - Long-term support?
  - Management
- Internal group within organization
- Agency/Freelancer



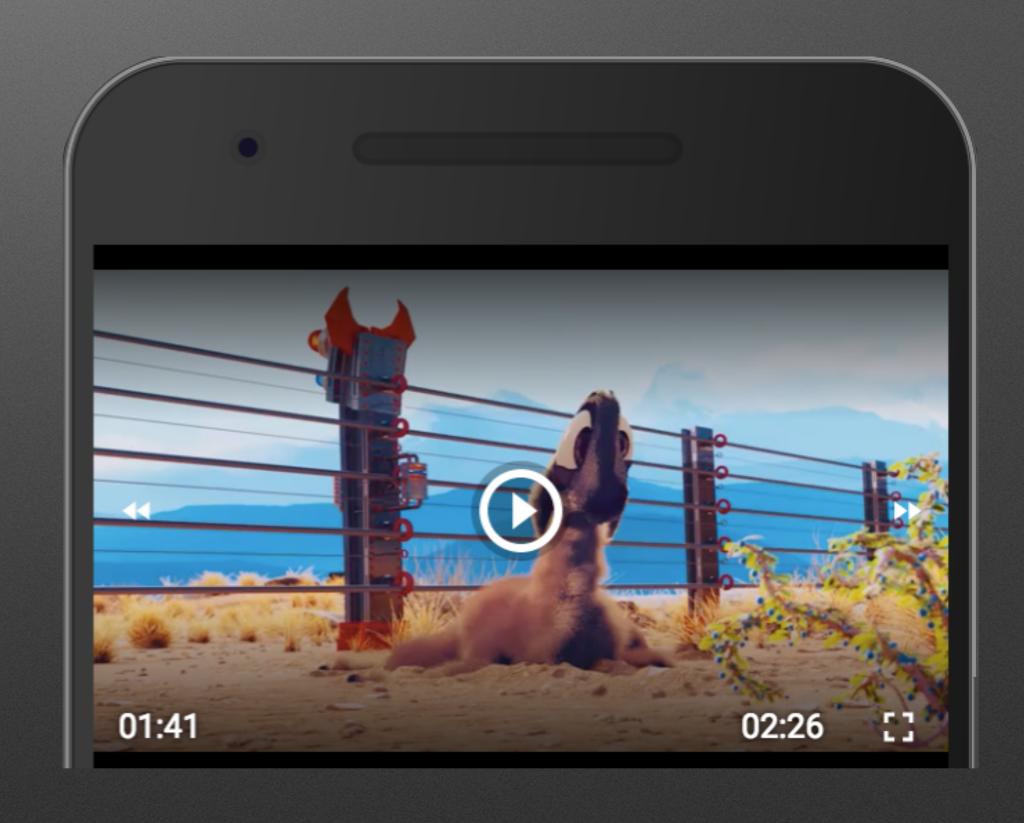
- Authentication
  - Open vs Authorized
  - Single Sign On
  - Social Media
  - Apple Touch ID
  - Nexus Imprint
  - Multi-factor





- Audio playback
- Video playback
- Augmented reality

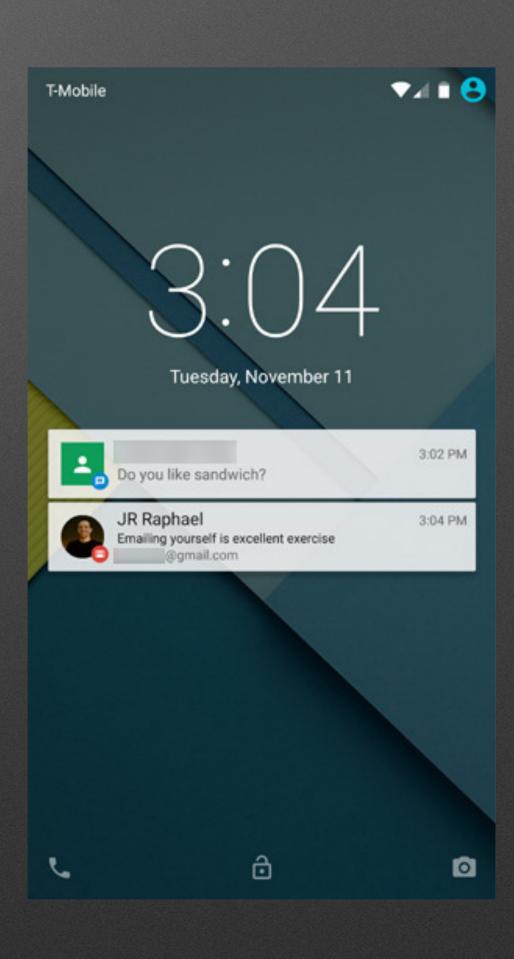




- Background Code Execution
  - Updating list of messages received by user
  - Downloading bigger items

- Push Notifications
  - Marketing messages
  - Updates
  - Features
  - Geolocation-aware
  - Remote or local





- Access to native features on device
  - Camera
  - Fingerprint
  - Geolocation
  - Accelerometer
  - Contacts
  - Filesystem

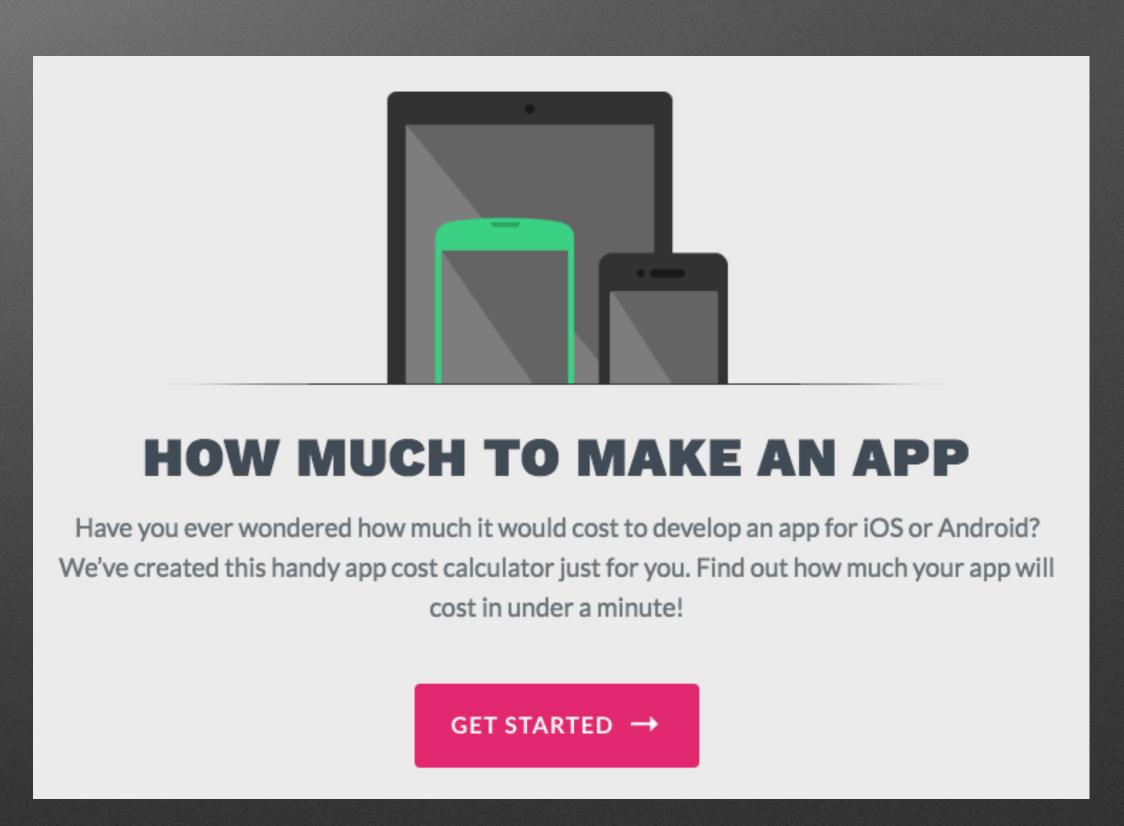






### Budget

- Use a calculator for ballpark
  - howmuchtomakeanapp.com
  - estimatemyapp.com
- To Build
- To Maintain
  - Hosting
  - Licensing costs
  - Developer Account



#### Maintainability

- Multiple Platforms
  - iOS
  - Android
  - Microsoft Phone

- Multiple App Stores
- Multiple Operating
   Systems
- Multiple Ecosystems
- Multiple Vulnerabilities

#### How do you decide?

- Bias: the web is getting better every day and easier to build for mobile
- 3x more (unique) users are on web vs within mobile apps\*
- Currently, 20X more time in mobile apps vs mobile web properties\*
- Faster devices bridge the gap between native and web apps
- Mobile devices and Javascript interpreters are getting faster

<sup>\*</sup> Progressive Web Apps: Great Experiences Everywhere (Google I/O '17)

#### How do you decide?

- What technical constraints push you to a specific direction?
- Is it a truly mobile experience or do you also need a desktop/laptop experience?
- What is your budget?
- What skills are available to build and maintain?
- What KPIs push you in a certain direction?
   (KPI = Key Performance Indicators)

- Designing for mobile is more challenging than laptops/desktops
  - Less space pixels matter
  - Variances is screen size
  - Connectivity speed/reliability







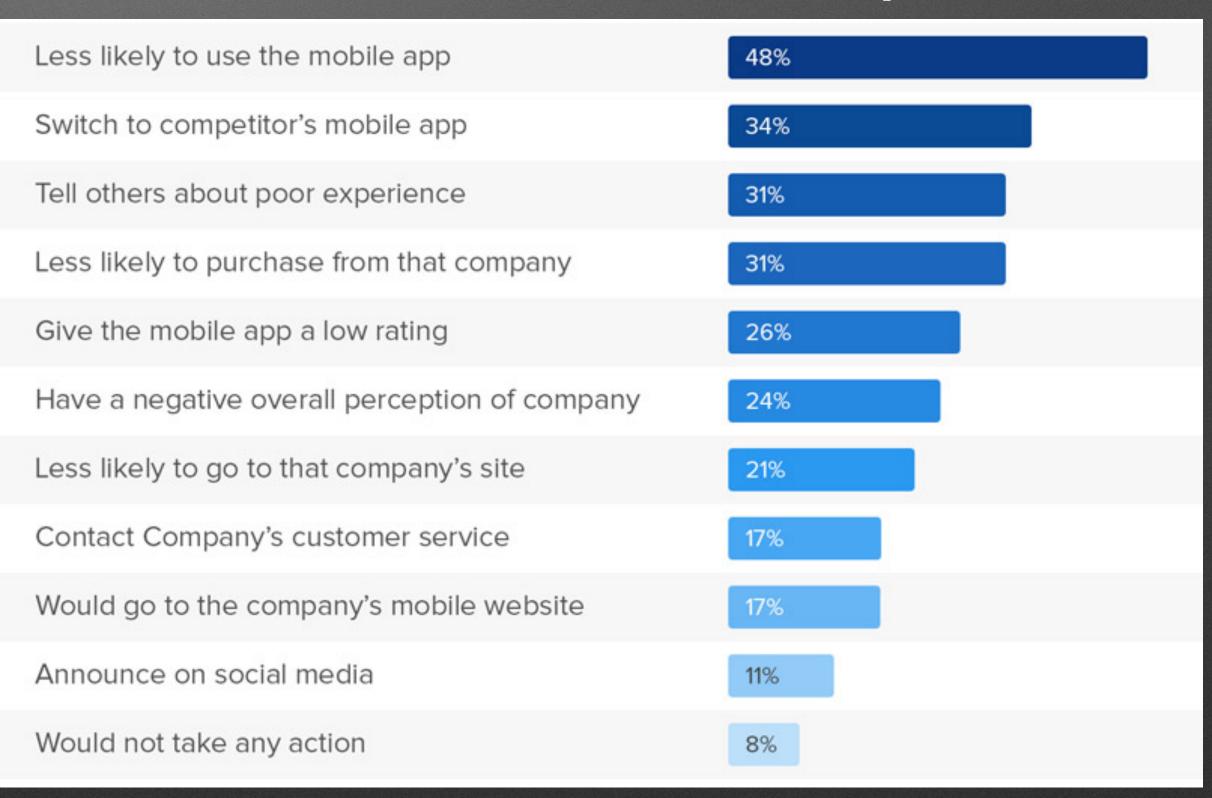


- Remind users to engage with app without being annoying
  - Go back to your "why?"
  - The app must provide value
  - Good user experience.

    Frustrating apps won't get used!

- First impressions
  - On-boarding experience
  - Is the app intuitive?

#### Reaction to Poor Mobile Experience



- Personalization
  - Knowing user's name
  - Tweaking preferences
  - Only deliver relevant information
  - Colors/accessibility



You fill it in

- User Engagement
  - Push notifications
  - Rewards/incentives
  - Gamification
  - Solicit feedback from users

- Import/export data
- Deep linking
- Easy to share app
- Don't ask for too many permissions

# Thank You! Questions?

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